



matting / athletics / flooring

## STARFIELD™ & IMBER™ SQUARE AND INTERLOCKING TILE INSTALLATION

This product has been certified by SCS to meet the rigorous indoor air quality requirements of the FloorScore® certification program.

The following pages are guidelines, if not followed, the **warranty will be voided**. Please read this manual thoroughly before installing.

### SECTION I

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

- Manufactured of high-quality materials and carefully inspected before shipment, however, a quality installation is the responsibility of the installer. The installer needs to verify the accuracy of the order, and materials need to be inspected for damage, defects, and satisfactory color match (there may be a slight color variation from the sample provided) prior to installation.

### SECTION II

#### MATERIAL STORAGE AND HANDLING

##### Receipt of Merchandise:

- It is recommended you double-check your order is correct.
- Inspect for any damage that may have occurred during transportation.
- Identify any other possible shortcomings.
- For your own protection, ensure that defective product is identified prior to the start of the installation.
  - Notify your sales rep regarding any defective product immediately.
- Edgewood is not responsible for any installation costs that occur because of defective product being installed.
- If adhesives were exposed to freezing temperatures, place indoors and bring to room temperature between 14°C (57°F) and 23°C (72°F) before using.

- Read technical data sheet and SDS for adhesive.

##### Storage

- Receive tiles in a careful manner to avoid any damage. Adhesives or surface preparation product containers shall be unbroken and labels intact until time of use. Prevent damage or contamination to materials by water, moisture, freezing, excessive heat, foreign matter or other causes.
- Starfield™ and Imber™ tiles should be stored on site with adhesives, etc., for at least 48 hours prior to installation (extreme cold or hot conditions may require additional time).
- Tiles should be removed from pallets and any loading/shipping constraint pressures be removed in order to acclimate to room conditions.
- Work from all other trades must be complete, especially overhead trades, before installation can begin.
- Caution is required on site, as under no circumstances should the tiles be left bent, folded, stepped on or crushed, as this may destroy the material.
- Rubber tiles are susceptible to dimensional changes due to temperature and climate conditions. It is vital that site conditions remain constant within the acceptable working range. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight as UV rays can alter appearance of colored rubber.

### SECTION III

#### TOOLS AND ACCESSORIES

##### Tools and Safety Equipment

- Edgewood Installation Guidelines
- Adhesive – MF Bond It
- Tools:

- Sharp utility knife with spare blades
  - Carpenter square & straight edge
  - Measuring tape
  - Chalk line (for layout)
  - Markers (to indicate cut lines)
  - Protective gloves
  - Safety glasses
  - 1.5mm x .8mm x .8mm (1/16" x 1/32" x 1/32") u notch trowel
  - 45 kg (75 lbs) minimum sectional roller
- 50mm (2") masking tape (to secure seams)
  - Concrete blocks (for weighting seams)
  - Kraft paper (to protect flooring from blocks)

**Adhesive:**

- Varying temperature ranges will affect curing times, viscosity and pot life of adhesive, possibly resulting in adhesion problems.
- Use safety glasses, rubber boots, and rubber gloves when applying adhesive. Do not allow adhesive to cure on your hands.
- Room must be well ventilated.
- For first aid and safety instructions see labels on can and the safety data sheet.
- If adhesives other than the products listed below are being used, this could void the warranty. Contact Edgewood for verification.
- For detailed information and product use, refer to Technical Product Data Sheet, included and adhesive.

MF Bond IT Adhesive (V.O.C. compliant)

- Single component adhesive
  - 2 US gallons: 27lbs (12.25kg)
  - Approximate coverage: 300ft<sup>2</sup> (27.87m<sup>2</sup>)
  - 1/16" x 1/32" x 1/32" U-notched trowel
  - 12-month shelf life
- It is not uncommon for a moisture cure urethane product to develop a slight skin on the top surface in the can.
  - The product is still good; simply remove the skin and mix adhesive well.
  - Refer to batch number on adhesive and contact Edgewood to determine if it has expired.
  - Edgewood is not responsible for adhesive used past its expiration date.

**Reducer strips**

Sizes:

- 3/8" (10 mm)
- 1/2" (12mm)

All are available in black solid core at 12ft lengths.



**SECTION IV**

**SUB-SURFACE**

**Preparation of the Sub-surface**

The installation of any resilient rubber flooring is only as good as the sub-floor it is laid upon. This is especially true when the flooring is glued down. Rough and uneven sub-floors can diminish the appearance, cause uneven top surfaces and shorten the life span of such flooring. We therefore recommend proper preparation of such sub-floors as follows:

**Wood Sub-Surface**

- New wood sub-floors should be CDX exterior plywood installed smooth side up.
  - All nails, staples or screw fasteners must be caulked and surface sealed with epoxy sealant.
  - Plywood should be acclimatized for a 48-hour period prior to installation of flooring tile.
  - All wood sub-floors must be clean and dry of all dust, dirt, and previous floor finishes.
  - Patch cracks, holes, and rough or uneven areas with an appropriate cement based leveling compound (such as Mapei Planipatch, etc.) to manufacturers' standards.

**Concrete Sub-Surface**

- Ensure sub-floor is smooth and level to a tolerance of 3.2mm (1/8 in) in 3.05m (10 ft).
- Ensure concrete floors have cured for minimum 6 weeks.
- It is vital that a moisture test be completed prior to floor installation. Moisture is the single most significant factor that causes bonding failure to the sub-floor. Moisture tests must be performed on all concrete floors regardless of age and grade level.
  1. Test shall be in accordance with ASTM F-1869 Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Sub-floor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride.
    - One test should be conducted for every 1,000 sqft of flooring and the results not

exceed 2.27 kg per 92.9m<sup>2</sup> (5 lbs per 1,000 sqft) in 24 hours.

2. Use ASTM F2170, the Relative-Humidity Test, as an alternate. Slab not to exceed 75% humidity.
3. If test results exceed limitations or hydrostatic pressure exists, the installation must not proceed until the problem has been corrected or an approved vapor barrier underlayment is installed.
4. All test results must be kept on file and be accessible upon request.

- If lightweight concrete has been used in construction DO NOT use the F1869 test.
- If poured-gypsum underlayment has been used, check with the underlayment manufacturer on how to test for dryness. Never use calcium chloride testing with gypsum underlayment.
- Ensure existing concrete floors are clean, dry and smooth.
- Remove any wax, paint, varnish, adhesive or any other material that would prevent proper bonding of adhesive.
- Repair any low spots with a cementitious based latex patch mix.
- Fill and smooth any rough or porous concrete sub-base prior to installing flooring.

Note: If concrete sealers, curing compounds or floor hardeners have been applied, the surface must be treated prior to adhesive application to ensure proper bond.

### Concrete Sub-Surface with Radiant Heating System

- Ensure concrete slab has cured appropriately.
- Prior to flooring installation, the radiant heating system must be operating at between 20°C (70°F) and 30°C (85°F) for minimum 7 days to dissipate any moisture in the concrete and ensure proper bonding conditions.
- Turn radiant heating system off 48 hrs. prior to flooring installation and until minimum 48 hrs. after the flooring is installed.
- After installation, turn radiant heating system on again, controlling the temperature up gradually over a 48-hour period to ensure a proper bond.
- Maximum set temperature of radiant heating system must not exceed 30°C (85°F).

### Cutting

- Can be cut with a utility knife using a straight edge or square as a guide. Round holes can be cut using a hole saw or fine-tooth jigsaw at low speed.

## SECTION V

### INSTALLATION (with Adhesive or Interlocking)

#### General Information

Before work commences, examine the areas to be covered and report any flaws or adverse conditions to the general contractor and/or architect. Do not proceed with installation of Starfield™ or Imber™ until substrates and conditions comply with the requirements indicated in the manufacturer's instructions.

Room temperatures for installation must be maintained at a minimum 15°C (60°F) to a maximum 24°C (75°F) and a relative humidity 65% or less for at least 48 hours before installation. These conditions must be maintained 24 hours per day for the duration of the installation and for a minimum of 72 hours after installation is complete.

#### Mat Layout

- **Dry lay** the entire floor including all cut trim prior to applying any adhesives, then view the floor under normal, occupied lighting conditions. Failure to dry lay the floor may void any warranty claim.
- Lay flooring in a brick (staggered) pattern installation with color accent marbling oriented in the same direction.
- Note: Each tile has an arrow on the underside signifying the direction of manufacture. All tiles should be installed so that the arrows are pointing in the same direction. (see figure 1)

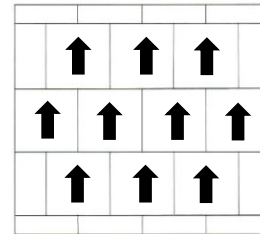


Figure 1

Layout in such a way as to blend any color variance and to produce a minimum number of seams.

- Note: Each box and each tile is numbered according to the sequence it was produced. For the best color consistency, layout tiles of similar numeric sequence in the same area. Avoid situations where widely disparate numbered tiles are installed side by side.
- Border widths minimum 1/3 width of full material.
- Adjoin factory edge to factory edge. Where possible, place cut edge of tiles along walls or vertical surfaces.

- The floor area should be squared by locating the mid-point of the room and chalking a start line down the center of the room. Chalk another similar start line 90 degrees and square to the first one. Begin tile installation from the point where the two chalk lines intersect.
- It is the installer's responsibility to inspect the dry laid installation and notify the appropriate authority of any imperfections or irregularities prior to final adhesive installation.

## INSTALLATION with Adhesive

Begin spreading adhesive from the intersection of the chalk lines, and continue down the line in one direction, spreading enough adhesive to install one starting row of tiles.

- Apply adhesive uniformly using recommended trowel and application rate. Ensure a minimum 85% transfer from the floor to backing of flooring.
- Do not spread more adhesive than can be covered by flooring before initial set takes place.
- Ensure joints are tight. All joints should be secured to prevent gaps, by applying masking tape across joints onto adjoining tiles until adhesive has cured. (300 mm [12 in] long at typical 400 mm [16 in] centers.)
- Note: Never use duct tape or high grab masking tape. Duct tape adhesive chemically reacts with the flooring surface and leaves a permanent residue.
- Continue to spread adhesive and install tiles in each direction from the first row of tiles.
- Lay tiles into fresh adhesive in small sections and roll with at least a 45 kg. sectional roller a minimum of 3 times in multiple directions within 15 minutes of lying to ensure proper adhesive transfer.
- After rolls are properly laid and secured with tape, the edges and seams **must be bricked** (sufficiently weighted down with blocks) until adhesive is cured, to ensure proper bonding of flooring to sub-base.
- Grey concrete utility bricks (2" x 4" x 8") are the only suitable weights. Place bricks, 2 layers deep, over all seams in continuous rows for a minimal period of 24 hours.
  - Note: Lack of weight on seams can result in peaking. Never use wood, boxes, sandbags, cinder blocks or any other substitute materials.
- Any excess adhesive appearing on the top surface should be immediately wiped clean with a soft rag soaked in denatured alcohol.
  - Note: Excess adhesive which is allowed to harden on the top surface is nearly impossible to remove without marring the finish.

- Cut tiles neatly around fixed objects, and to fit irregular and fill-in spaces using a sharp utility knife. Make repeated passes when cutting to ensure straight cuts.
- Flooring installed around any irregular or sloped surface (i.e., around drains), should be weighted with bricks to ensure proper bonding of flooring to adhesive. It is also necessary to brick the perimeter and all edges (i.e., doors, walls, columns, sleeves, etc.).
- Continue flooring through areas to receive movable type partitions without interrupting floor pattern.
- Terminate flooring at centerline of door openings where adjacent floor finish or color is dissimilar.
- Install edge strips at unprotected or exposed edges where flooring terminates.
- Promptly clean adhesive from top surface of tiles using a soft cloth soaked in denatured alcohol.
- Prevent foot traffic on flooring for minimum 24 hours after installation. If heavy equipment must be moved across the finished floor, use extra care to avoid damage to the flooring. Plywood or Masonite should be used as a protective layer over the flooring to avoid damaging the surface.

## INSTALLATION with Adhesive - Interlocking

- Interlocking tiles have a tab detail on the outer edges which must be fitted together securely such that the finished flooring becomes a unitary monolithic floor, independent of the sub-floor over which it is placed. Install in a running bond pattern as per drawing.
- Ensure that tiles are installed tightly to the adjoining tiles to prevent gaps in the seams. If peaking occurs at the seams, place double sided tape onto the floor to hold the edge of the tile down.

## SECTION V

### CLEANING

#### Post Installation Cleaning

- For glued down tiles, wait 24 to 48 hours after installation before proceeding with floor maintenance.
- For interlocking tiles, when no adhesives are used, initial cleaning can be performed immediately after installation.
  - Caution should be taken in moving materials i.e., furniture, equipment, etc., over finished flooring. To avoid damage, plywood or masonite should be used as a protective layer over the flooring.

#### Floor Cleaning and Floor Finish

- An applied finish may alter the surface characteristic of the floor and is therefore not recommended.

#### **Regular Maintenance**

- Starfield™ and Imber™ may be cleaned at any time using a damp mop with a PH neutral cleaner diluted with water and follow immediately to extract any moisture.

#### **Precautions**

- Do not cleaned with any petroleum-based cleaners. If any petroleum product is spilled on the matting, it should be removed immediately to avoid damage to the matting and voiding of warranty.



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## STARFIELD™ & IMBER™ ROLL INSTALLATION

This product has been certified by SCS to meet the rigorous indoor air quality requirements of the FloorScore® certification program.

The following pages are guidelines, if not followed, the **warranty will be voided**. Please read this manual thoroughly before installing.

### SECTION I

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

The Starfield™ and Imber™ rolls are designed to be adhered to the sub-floor.

- Designed to be used in gyms, hotels, arenas, schools, ski resorts, military bases, fitness centers, community centers or residential buildings.
- Manufactured of high-quality materials and carefully inspected before shipment, however, a quality installation is the responsibility of the installer. The installer needs to verify the accuracy of the order, and materials need to be inspected for damage, defects and satisfactory color match (there may be a slight color variation from the sample provided) prior to installation.

Edgewood must be immediately notified of any damages or product irregularities prior to installation and final adhesive application.

Starfield™ and Imber™ rolls are designed for interior installations only and not recommended for environments where the product will be exposed to oils or petroleum-based materials.

### SECTION II

#### MATERIAL STORAGE AND HANDLING

##### Receipt of Merchandise:

- Receive rolls in a careful manner to avoid any damage. Adhesives or surface preparation product containers shall be unbroken and labels intact until

time of use. Prevent damage or contamination to materials by water, moisture, freezing, excessive heat, foreign matter or other causes.

- Rolls will arrive on site back rolled, and should be stored on site with adhesives, etc., for at least 48 hours prior to installation (extreme cold or hot conditions may require additional time).
- Rolls should be removed from pallets and any loading/shipping constraint pressures be removed in order to acclimate to room conditions.
- Work from all other trades must be complete, especially overhead trades, before installation can begin.
- Caution is required on site, as under no circumstances should the rolls be bent, folded, stepped on or crushed, as this may destroy the material.
- Rubber rolls are susceptible to dimensional changes due to temperature and climate conditions. It is vital that site conditions remain constant within the acceptable working range. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight as UV rays can alter appearance of colored rubber.

### SECTION III

#### TOOLS AND ACCESSORIES

##### Tools and Safety Equipment

- Edgewood Installation Guidelines
- Adhesive – MF Bond It
- Tools:
  - Sharp utility knife with spare blades
  - Carpenter square & straight edge
  - Measuring tape
  - Chalk line (for layout)
  - Markers (to indicate cut lines)
  - Protective gloves
  - Safety glasses
  - 2x4 and rubber mallet to align roll edges
  - 1.5mm x .8mm x .8mm (1/16" x 1/32" x 1/32") u notch trowel
  - 45 kg (75 lbs) minimum sectional roller



- 50mm (2") masking tape (to secure seams)
- Concrete blocks (for weighting seams)
- Kraft paper (to protect flooring from blocks)

#### **Adhesive:**

- Varying temperature ranges will affect curing times, viscosity and pot life of adhesive, possibly resulting in adhesion problems.
- Use safety glasses, rubber boots, and rubber gloves when applying adhesive. Do not allow adhesive to cure on your hands.
- Room must be well ventilated.
- For first aid and safety instructions see labels on can and the safety data sheet.
- If adhesives other than the products listed below are being used, this could void the warranty. Contact Edgewood for verification.
- For detailed information and product use, refer to Technical Product Data Sheet, included and adhesive.

#### **MF Bond IT Adhesive (V.O.C. compliant)**

- Single component adhesive
- 2 US gallons: 27lbs (12.25kg)
- Approximate coverage: 300ft<sup>2</sup> (27.87m<sup>2</sup>)
- 1/16" x 1/32" x 1/32" U-notched trowel
- 12-month shelf life
- It is not uncommon for a moisture cure urethane product to develop a slight skin on the top surface in the can.
- The product is still good; simply remove the skin and mix adhesive well.
- Refer to batch number on adhesive and contact Edgewood to determine if it has expired.
- Edgewood is not responsible for adhesive used past its expiration date.

#### **Reducer strips**

##### Sizes:

- 3/8" (10 mm)
- 1/2" (12mm)

All are available in black solid core at 12ft lengths.



## **SECTION IV**

### **SUB-SURFACE**

#### **Preparation of the Sub-surface**

The installation of any resilient rubber flooring is only as good as the sub-floor it is laid upon. This is especially true when the flooring is glued down. Rough and uneven sub-floors can diminish the appearance, cause uneven top surfaces and shorten the life span of such flooring. We therefore recommend proper preparation of such sub-floors as follows:

#### **Existing Flooring**

Do not install over existing flooring.

#### **Wood Sub-Surface**

New wood sub-floors should be CDX exterior plywood installed smooth side up.

- All nails, staples or screw fasteners must be caulked and surface sealed with epoxy sealant.
- Plywood should be acclimatized for a 48-hour period prior to installation of rolled flooring.
- All wood sub-floors must be clean and dry of all dust, dirt, and previous floor finishes.
- Patch cracks, holes, and rough or uneven areas with an appropriate cement based leveling compound (such as Mapei Planipatch, etc.) to manufacturers' standards.

#### **Concrete Sub-Surface**

Ensure concrete floors have cured for minimum 6 weeks.

- It is vital that a moisture test be completed prior to floor installation. Moisture is the single most significant factor that causes bonding failure to the sub-floor. Moisture tests must be performed on all concrete floors regardless of age and grade level.

- Test shall be in accordance with ASTM F-1869 Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Sub-floor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride.
- One test should be conducted for every 1,000 sqft of flooring and the results not exceed 2.27 kg per 92.9m<sup>2</sup> (5 lbs per 1,000 sqft) in 24 hours.
- Use ASTM F2170, the Relative-Humidity Test, as an alternate. Slab not to exceed 75% humidity.
- If test results exceed limitations or hydrostatic pressure exists, the installation must not proceed until the problem has been corrected or an approved vapor barrier underlayment is installed.
- All test results must be kept on file and be accessible upon request.

- If lightweight concrete has been used in construction DO NOT use the F1869 test.

- If poured-gypsum underlayment has been used, check with the underlayment manufacturer on how to test for dryness. Never use calcium chloride testing with gypsum underlayment.

- Ensure existing concrete floors are clean, dry and smooth.

- Remove any wax, paint, varnish, adhesive or any other material that would prevent proper bonding of adhesive.

- Repair any low spots with a cementitious based latex patch mix.
- Fill and smooth any rough or porous concrete sub-base prior to installing flooring.

Note: If concrete sealers, curing compounds or floor hardeners have been applied, the surface must be treated prior to adhesive application to ensure proper bond.

### Concrete Sub-Surface with Radiant Heating System

- Ensure concrete slab has cured appropriately. Ensure concrete slab has cured appropriately.
  - Prior to flooring installation, the radiant heating system must be operating at between 20°C (70°F) and 30°C (85°F) for minimum 7 days to dissipate any moisture in the concrete and ensure proper bonding conditions.
  - Turn radiant heating system off 48 hrs. prior to flooring installation and until minimum 48 hrs. after the flooring is installed.
  - After installation, turn radiant heating system on again, controlling the temperature up gradually over a 48-hour period to ensure a proper bond.
  - Maximum set temperature of radiant heating system must not exceed 30°C (85°F).

### Cutting

- Can be cut with a utility knife using a straight edge or square as a guide. Round holes can be cut using a hole saw or fine-tooth jigsaw at low speed.

## SECTION V

### INSTALLATION (with Adhesive or Interlocking)

#### General Information

Before work commences, examine the areas to be covered and report any flaws or adverse conditions to the general contractor and/or architect. Do not proceed with installation of Starfield™ or Imber™ until substrates and conditions comply with the requirements indicated in the manufacturer's instructions.

Room temperatures for installation must be maintained at a minimum 15°C (60°F) to a maximum 24°C (75°F) and a relative humidity 65% or less for at least 48 hours before installation. These conditions must be maintained 24 hours per day for the duration of the installation and for a minimum of 72 hours after installation is complete.

Locate the mid-point of the room and chalk a start line down the center of the room. Begin installation from the chalk line to the outside.

- All rolls should be unrolled and installed in the same direction to ensure consistent pattern repetition. Note: Each roll has an arrow on the underside signifying the direction of manufacture. All rolls should be installed so the arrows are pointing in the same direction.

• End seams should be staggered from those of adjoining rows.

• Always cutback each side of the roll minimum 3/4" on a slight bevel to ensure a seamless fit.

- **Dry lay** the entire floor including all cut trim prior to applying any adhesives, then view the floor under normal, occupied lighting conditions. Failure to dry lay the floor may void any warranty claim.

It is the installer's responsibility to inspect the dry laid installation and notify the appropriate authority of any imperfections or irregularities prior to final adhesive installation.

• All rolls must be glued down.

• Dry lay the first roll along the chalk line and make any required custom cuts to fit the floor.

• Beginning at the start chalk line, pull back half of the roll and spread adhesive on the floor. Lay rolled material back onto fresh adhesive, ensuring that it is correctly positioned to the start chalk line.

• Then pull back the other half of the roll, spread the adhesive, and re-lay this half onto fresh adhesive, ensuring that it remains straight and that no gaps or bubbles are present.

• Rolls should be laid in small sections and rolled with a sectional roller in both directions within 15 minutes to ensure proper transfer of adhesive.

• Repeat the dry lay and adhesive spread procedure for adjoining rows, beginning at the edge of the previously laid adjoining roll, ensuring that seams are straight and tightly closed with no gaps or peaks.

• To ensure a tight-fitting seam when butting one roll to another, overlap the seam by 1/8". Working from one end, work the overlapping roll down into the seam. If a gap appears, lift the roll and overlap the seam to before the gap and repeat the process. If rippling appears on the far side of the overlapping roll, remove this by stretching the material by a pulling or kicking motion.

• Always ensure a tight-fitting seam prior to applying adhesive.

Note: Under no circumstances should a seam adhesive or heat gun be used on the seams.

• All seams between adjoining rolls should be secured by using masking tape across the seam onto adjoining rolls. Typically 300 mm (12 in) long at typical 400 mm (16 in) centers.

Note: Under no circumstances should a seam adhesive or heat gun be used on the seams.

• After rolls are properly laid and secured with tape, the edges and seams **must be bricked** (sufficiently weighted down with blocks) until adhesive is cured, to ensure proper bonding of flooring to sub-base.

• Grey concrete utility bricks, 2" x 4" x 8" are the only suitable weights to be used.



- The weight blocks must be put directly onto the seam in a continuous row, with kraft paper as a protector sheet between rubber floor and weight blocks.
- No wood or other material should be used the weight blocks to attempt to transfer load.
- Cut rolls neatly around fixed objects, and to fit irregular and fill-in spaces using a sharp utility knife. Make repeated passes when cutting to ensure straight cuts.
- Flooring installed around any irregular or sloped surface (ie around drains), should be weighted with bricks to ensure proper bonding of flooring to adhesive. Any excess adhesive appearing on the top surface of the roll should be immediately wiped clean with a soft rag soaked in denatured alcohol.

Note: Excess adhesive which is allowed to harden on the top surface is nearly impossible to remove without marring the product's roll finish.

Terminate flooring at centerline of door openings where adjacent floor finish or color is dissimilar.

- Install edge strips at unprotected or exposed edges where flooring terminates.
- Prevent foot traffic on flooring for minimum 24 hours after installation. If heavy equipment must be moved across the finished floor, use extra care to avoid damage to the flooring. Plywood or Masonite should be used as a protective layer over the flooring to avoid damaging the surface.

## SECTION V

### CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

#### Post Installation Cleaning

Wait 48 hours (min) after installation before proceeding with floor maintenance.

- Sweep and vacuum floor to remove all loose dirt and debris.
- Apply approved floor cleaner diluted with clean water, as per manufacturer's instruction, using a mop. While still wet, scrub floor using a rotary buffing machine equipped with a medium Scotch Brite® pad.
- Work in small areas of floor at a time.
- After scrubbing, remove wet residue using a wet-dry vacuum.
- Damp mop floor with clean water to rinse and repeat wet-dry vacuum.
- Repeat cleaning as required to remove any remaining mold release or sediment.
- Prohibit foot traffic on flooring until area is dry.
- Caution should be taken in moving materials i.e., furniture, equipment, etc., over finished flooring. To avoid damage, plywood or masonite should be used as a protective layer over the flooring.

#### Floor Cleaning and Floor Finish

- An applied finish may alter the surface characteristic of the floor and is therefore not recommended.

#### Regular Maintenance

- Starfield™ and Imber™ may be cleaned at any time using a damp mop with a PH neutral cleaner diluted with water and follow immediately to extract any moisture.

#### Precautions

- Do not clean with any petroleum-based cleaners. If any petroleum product is spilled on the matting, it should be removed immediately to avoid damage to the matting and voiding of warranty.